Regulations of Commerce THE SOLE POWER POSSESSED BY CONGRESS-THE PORT OF NEW ORLEANS DEFENDANT IN THE CASE-A DECISION BY THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

[From the New York Times.] WASHINGTON, June 25 .- The following decision has been rendered by the Supreme

Court of the United States : No. 116 .- Robert W. Foster, plaintiff in error, vs. The Master and Wardens of the Port of New Orleans .- In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. This controversy has arisen out of an act of the Legislature of Louisiana, approved March 6, 1869. By the first section it was made the duty of the master and wardens of the port of New Orleans to offer their services to make a survey of the hatches of all sea-going vessels which should arrive at that port, and a penalty was prescribed for the neglect of this duty. The second section declares "that it shall be unlawful for any person other than the said master and wardens, or their legally-constituted deputy, to make any survey of the hatches of seagoing vessels coming to said port of New Orleans, or to make any survey of damaged goods coming on board of such vessels, whether such survey be made on board or on shore, or to give certificates on orders for sale of such damaged goods at auction, or to do any other of the acts and things prescribed by law for said master and wardens to do and perform, and the person doing such illegal and forbidden acts, his instigators and encouragers, shall be liable and bound to pay in solido to the said master and wardens \$100, with damages and costs for each of said illegal and forbidden acts so done." The petition avers that Foster resides in the city of New Orleans, and has been and is continually violating the provisions of the act by making surveys of the hatches of sea-going vessels arriving at that port, and of damaged goods, and has been and is engaged in acting as and performing the duties which belonged to the masters and wardens of the port. An injunction was prayed for. It was granted by the lower court, and the judgment was affirmed by the Supreme Court of the State. A writ of error was thereupon sued out by Foster, and the case is thus brought before this court for review. The defendants in error have failed to enter their appearance, and no brief in their behalf has been submitted. We shall therefore devote but few remarks to the case. The Constitution of the United States, article 1, section 8, gives to Congress the power "to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes." That the provisions of this act are regulations of both foreign and inter-State commerce is a proposition which requires no argument to support it. They are a clog and a blow to all such commerce in the ports to which they relate. Their enactment involved a power which belongs exclusively to Congress, and which a State could not, therefore, properly exercise. In the Steamship Company vs. The Port Wardens (6 Wall., 31) it was held that a statute of a State enacting that the master and wardens of a port within it should be entitled to demand and receive, in addition to other fees, the sum of \$5, whether called on to perform service or not, for every vessel arriving in that port, was a regulation of commerce, and was unconstitutional and

sections 1,017, 1,024; Neilson vs. Garza, 2 Woods, 290.) The purpose of this act is to furnish official evidence for the parties immediately concerned, and, where the goods are damaged, to provide for and regulate their sale. (Master and Wardens vs. Ship Hawes, 6 Lou. Ann. Rep., 390.) Besides the unreasonable and oppressive character of the act as regards ship-owners and consignees, it is an invasion of the rights of persons outside of these classes. If such a monopoly, sustained by such sanctions, may be validly given to the master and wardens, why may they not also, at prices not agreed upon by the parties nor according to the market value, but at rates arbitrarily fixed by law, be authorized exclusively to load and unload ships, to furnish them with all needful supplies, and to perform all the services of consignees, commission merchants, and ship-brokers, touching incoming and outgoing eargoes? Each of these imagined cases is a parallelism to the case before us. and only another step in the same direction. The statute is declared void. Reversed. Mr. Justice Swayne delivered the opinion.

the articles inspected, whether imports or

State Control Over Railroads. CISION BY THE SUPREME COURT AGAINST

THE CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY [From the New York Times.] WASHINGTON, June 25 .- The following

decision has been rendered in the Supreme

Court of the United States:

No. 324-The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, appellant, vs. M. E. Cutts, Attorney-General, &c., et al.— Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa. Railroad companies are carriers for hire. They are incorporated as such and given extraordinary powers in order that they may the better serve the public in that capacity. They are, therefore, engaged in a public employment affecting the public interest, and, under the decision in Munn & Scott vs. The People, just announced, subject to legislative control as to their rates of fare and freight, unless protected by their charters. The Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, the benefit of whose charter the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company now claims, was organized under the general corporation law of Iowa, with power to contract in reference to its business the same as private individuals, and to establish by-laws and make all rules and regulations deemed expedient in relation to regulations deemed expedient in relation to its affairs, but being subject, nevertheless, at all times to such rules and regulations as the General Assembly of Iowa might from time to time enact and provide. This is in substance its charter, and to that extent it is protected as by a contract; for it is now too late to contend that the charter of a corporation is not a contract within the meaning of that clause in the Constitution of the United States which prohibits a State from passing any law impairing the obligation of a contract. Whatever is granted is secured, subject only to the limitations and reservations in the charter or in the General Assembly of Iowa might from tions and reservations in the charter or in the laws and constitutions which govern it. This company, in the transaction of its business, has the same rights, and is subject to the same control as private individuals under the same circumstances. It must carry when called upon to do so, and can charge only a reasonable sum for the carriage. In the absence of any legislative regulation upon the subject the courts must decide for it, as they do for private persons, when controversies arise, what is reasonable; but, when the Legislature steps in and prescribes a maximum of charge, it operates upon this corpora-tion the same as it does upon individuals en-gaged in a similar business. It was within the power of the company to call upon the Legislature to fix permanently this limit and make it a part of the charter, and if it was refused, to abstain from building the road and establishing the contemplated business. If that had been done the charter might have presented a contract against future legislative interference. But it was not, and the company invested its capital, relying upon the good faith of the people and the wisdom and impartiality of legislators for protection against wrong under

the form of legislative regulation. It is

actually exists is not lost by non-use. A INTERESTING TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, by their folly, and that folly would be all good government never puts forth its extraordinary powers except under circumstances which require it. That government is the best which, while performing all its duties, interferes the least with the lawful pursuits of its people. In 1691, during the third year of the reign of William and Mary, Parliament provided for the regulation of the rates of charges by common carriers. This statute remained in force, with some amendment, until 1827, when it was repealed, and it has never been reenacted. No one supposes that the power to restore its provisions has been lost. A change of circumstances seemed to render such a regulation no longer necessary, and it was abandoned for the time. The power was not surrendered. That remains for future exercise when required. So here the power of regulation existed from the beginning but it was not exercised until in the judgment of the body politic the condition of things was such as to render it necessary for the common good. It is held that does not affect the case that before the power was exercised the road had been leased and its income pledged to the payment of its debts; and that as the road was wholly within the State the latter had full concerning the privileges of citizens. Af- by his influence in the Cabinet. firmed. The Chief Justice delivered the GENERAL RANSOM APPEALING TO THE PRESI-

LATEST ESTIMATES OF INSURANCE. - New York, June 27 .- A visit to the insurance companies of this city yesterday showed a wide diversity of opinion as to the probable loss at St. John's. The most accurate list of losses that can be gathered at present is as follows:

Liverpool and London and Globe, \$350. 000; Phænix of Brooklyn, \$40,000; Royal Canadian, \$276,000; Ætna, of Hartford, \$220,000; British American, Toronto, \$20,-000; Western, of Toronto, \$30,000; Commercial Union, London, \$250,000; Imperial, of London, \$300,000; Northern, of Canada, \$450,000; Royal Canadian, \$400,000; Royal London, \$450,000; Lancashire, Canada, \$400,000; Queens, Canada, \$600,000; North British and Mercantile, Canada, \$600,000; Guardian, \$400,000; Stadacona, Montreal, \$300,000; Guardian, Canada, \$400,000; Provincial, Canada, \$60,000; Citizens, of Montreal, \$200,000; National, of Canada, \$125, 000; St. John's Mutual, Canada, \$75,000; Central of Fredericton, \$70,000; Hartford, of Connecticut, \$200,000.

THE TRAMP TERROR. - A WILLIAMSPORT MAN'S DEADLY BATTLE WITH THREE OF THE THIEVISH FRATERNITY .- Williamsport, Pa., June 27 .- This morning about 10 o'clock three tramps effected an entrance into a house on Washington street, and were leaving with their plunder when they were challenged by a Mr. Nagle, who keeps a by parties in Mobile, but they have been store close by. One of the three drew a shelved. large knife and inflicted a severe cut on Mr. Nagle's hand. The latter then drew a revolver and shot his assailant in the abdomen, after which the tramps fled. The wounded man has since been arrested, and it is thought that he cannot liver He refuses to give his name or to answer any Republican.

A BURGLAR SHOT IN NEW JERSEY .- Washington, N. J., June 27 .- A farmer named Cranster, living near Hackettstown, this morning shot and killed Burton Mitchell who was attempting to burglarize in the house of the former. Mitchell was a memvoid. If the constitutional objection was well ber of a gang of marauders, who for some taken there, a multo fortiori, it is fatal here. The act is not in the sense of the Constitu- time past have been a terror to the farming tion an inspection law. The object of such | communities of Warren and Hunterdon laws is to certify the quantity and value of | counties.

exports, for the protection of buyers and lost an arm or a leg, no matter how or when consumers. (Gibbons vs. Ogden, 9 Wheat, or from what cause, can be taxed for any 203; Brown vs. Maryland, 12 Wheat, 419; Clintsman vs. Northrup, 8 Cow., 46; Bouv. Law Dic., "Inspection"; Story's Const.. business he may enter into, always excepting the liquor business.

The Duchess of Edinburgh, being of the Greek Church, finds that the right to the ment in honor of the defenders of Fort custody of her own children, in the event of Moultrie, in 1776, was unveiled to-day-the ner temporary absence from England, is anniversary of the battle. The military ikely to be disputed.

It has been discovered in Paris that the little yellow marks upon certain brands of Havana cigars, which cause them to be greatly prized by smokers, are created by the sprinkling of acids.

THE SIXTH SESSION OF THE VIR-THE SIXTH SESSION OF THE VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE opens AUGUST 16. 1877. One
hundred and thirty-two students are received without charge for tultion or college fees, which cost the
rest \$40 per annum. Board varies from \$7 a month
for those wno occupy college rooms and live in
messes, to \$15 for those who pay the highest rate for
room-rent and table-board. Send for catalogue.
C. L. C. MINOR. President.
je 29

Blacksburg, Va.

$\mathbf{H}^{ ext{ollins institute.}}$

Exercises will be resumed on the 19TH OF SEP-TEMBER with improved facilities in both the Literary and Ornamental Departments. Apply for catalogues, glving full details, including programme of the late commencement, with namer of graduates, &c., CHARLES L. COCKE, Superintendent, Botelourt Springs, Roanoke county, Va. je 26-5t

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—SUM-MER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begin 12TH JULY, 1877, and end 12TH SEPTEMBER. 12TH JULY, 1877, and end 12TH SEPTEMBER. Have proved of signal use—first, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other law-schools; second, to those who propose to read privately; and third, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular, apply (post-office, University of Virginia) to JOHN B. MINOR, Professor Common and State Law.

12TH SEPTEMBER.

12TH SEPTEMBER.

13TH SEPTEMBER.

13T

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY, STAUNTON. VA. STAUNTON, VA.

The largest first-class institution for young ladies in Virginia, with an able corps of twenty-five teach-Opens the FIRST WEDNESDAY in September, 1877. 1877.
For catalogues containing full particulars apply to MISS M. J. BALDWIN, Principal, to 29-2m

BUSINESS CHANCES. RARE CHANCE.-FOR SALE, A A RARE CHANCE.—FOR SALE, A FIRST-CLASS DRY-GOODS BUSINESS, with stock on hand, in one of the very best locations in the State. None need apply without they mean business. For address, apply at the Dispatch office. je 27-4t

REAL-ESTATE INVESTMENTS. I have some ten-per-cent. investments (STORES and DWELLINGS) in the best locations. With property at its present price no safer or more profitable investment can be made.

EDWARD C. GODDIN,
Real Estate Agent, No. 1015 Main street.

ie 25-3teod

TERRE HAUTE. June 28.—Right Rev. Bishop Maurice Destpalais, D. D., died at St. Mary's of the Woods to-day of apoplexy.

The Turf.

FLEETWOOD-PARK BACE VESTERDAY

LIME, CEMENT, AND PLASTER. ROCKLAND LIME.-1,200 barrels daily expected per schooner Maggie Bell. S. LEE.

GROUND PLASTER.—250 tons FINE schooner Ella Frances.

Je 29

A. S. LEE.

L barrels of INDIAN ROCK LIME

MARCH 17, 1877.

THRESHING ENGINES, various sizes, of most approved patterns, with all modern improvements, mounted on wheels or on skids, as may be preferred by purchaser. Prices as low as first-class work can be supplied in the United States.

BOILERS and ENGINES strongly and simply constructed so as to be run with safety by inexperienced hands.

Call and examine them before purchasing, or send for illustrated catalogue and price-list free.

WILLIAM E. TANNER & CO.,

Metropolitan Works,

je 27-1w Richmond, Va.

BEFORE GOING TO THE COUNTRY buy your NOVELS and STATIONERY from J. T. ELLYSON, Bookseller, 1112 Main street. a matter of no importance that the power of regulation under considera-

tion was not exercised for more than fe 28-10t twenty years after this company was or BILL-HEADS, 57 to \$10 per ream, the at ganized. A power of government which BISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE

PROGRESS OF THE ORIENTAL WAR.

ARCHBISHOP WOOD APPOINTED ABBITRAlieve the Russians would have deliberately inflicted such an outrage, and it is well to DIOCESE AND THE ANCIENT ORDER OF remember that similar charges invariably

DON'T BELIEVE THAT RUSSIA HAS VIO-ING RUSTCHUK-STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION ON SILVER LAKE, MASSACHUSETTS, YES-TERDAY, &c., &c.

WHY WAS MR. EVARTS SILENT DURING THE

RECENT TRIP TO BOSTON? WASHINGTON, June 28 .- It appears that Secretary Evarts has been silent during the power in the absence of legislation by Con- entire progress of the trip. The fact exgress. It is also held that the statute is not cites curious comment and some consternain conflict with the Constitution of the State | tion among those whose interests are affected

DENT FOR AMNESTY FOR THE NORTH CARO-LINA REVENUE-LAW VIOLATORS.

During the past six weeks Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, has been appealing to the President and Secretary of the Treasury for an amnesty for all his people charged with a violation of the internal revenue laws. The Senator has been in the city for the last two days on this matter. It is said that he has concluded an arrangement with the Internal Revenue Department by which all the cases in North Carolina can be compromised with the Government under certain restrictions. The terms are understood to be satisfactory to General Leach, John N. Staples, and Thomas B. Keogh, who are attorneys for the whiskeyand tobacco-men of North Carolina. The formal arrangements are completed with the

SOUTHERN POSTAL-ROUTE CONTRACTS.

The recent letting of the postal-route contracts will be the occasion of some discontent in the South, because the inadequacy of appropriations prevents the establishment of new routes or the prolongation of old ones. The new route from Mobile via Pensacola to Cedar Keys and the west coast of Florida, recommended by the Alabama and Florida delegations in Congress, is among this number, and no regular contract for transportation of the mails over it will be let. Bids were made for service upon it

VARIOUS ITEMS.

Key and Schurz have returned. Hayes comes Saturday.

questions whatever. He is apparently an the next Indian fight in person. He is Englishman, about twenty-five years of age. waiting on the Salmon river for his forces which says the Bulgarians in Dabrudscha

ordered to cruise on the Siberian coast.

and the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

display was very fine. Georgia.

FATAL SHOOTING NEAR WAYNESBORO'. AUGUSTA, June 28. - A special from Waynesboro' says a colored man named John Carter attacked Simon Bell (white) with a drawn dirk this morning at Munnerlyn, Burke county, when the latter shot and killed the negro.

WAGES OF RAILROAD-MEN REDUCED. CLEVELAND, JUNE 28 .- The wages of the

employés on the Lake Shore, Michigan and Southern railroad has been reduced ten per Massachusetts. CARRIAGE-FACTORY BURNED.

Lowell, Mass, June 28 .- Messrs. Hill

Brothers' carriage-factory has been burned. Loss, 60,000. Crime in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—Near Williams-burg, Grant county, Ky., Tuesday evening, during an altercation between Thomas Redd and William Little, brothers-in-law, regarding a certain piece of land, the former shot the latter, inflicting a mortal wound, when Little returned the shot, killing Redd. A feud had existed for many years between the families of Redd and

Boiler Explosion on Silver Lake. A STEAMER BLOWN UP.

PLYMOUTH, MASS., June 28.—The steamer Lady of the Lake exploded her boiler at Silver Lake this afternoon. Six persons were severely, perhaps fatally, scalded, and twelve less dangerously.

DEATH OF A JOURNALIST AND AN ASTRONOMER. NASHVILLE, June 28 .- E. Jones, the journalist, died yesterday; aged sixty-four. PADUA, June 28.-Professor John Santoni, the Italian astronomer, is dead. TERRE HAUTE, June 28 .- Right Rev.

NEW YORK, June 28 .- The attendance was large at Fleetwood to witness the freefor-all race. Hopeful won in straight heats, Judge Fullerton second, Albemarle third, and Adelaide fourth. Time, 2:182, 2:20,

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

England.

FATE OF PUBLISHERS OF IMMORAL PAMPHLETS. LONDON, June 28.—Charles Bradlaugh and Miss Annie Besant, who were arrested and tried for publishing a pamphlet alleged to be immoral, have been condemned to six months' imprisonment, to pay a fine of £200 each, and to enter into an engagement to behave well for two years.

GENERAL GRANT AT THE MAYOR'S BANQUET. LIVEPOOL, June 28 .- At the banquet the LIME! LIME! LIME.—Five hundred Mayor, proposing General Grant's health, spoke of the sterling qualities he possessed as a soldier, which had enabled him to rereceived this day FRESH from our new iron-clad kilns. For sale low.

Business office, 1302 Cary street: Rime depot, 1503

Business office, store peace and prosperity to his country. He believed, however, that it was indicative of the friendly relation between two people who were of kindred blood and of civilization. He hoped that the friendship would continue to be cultivated and long and long and continue to be cultivated and long and long and civilization. He hoped that the friendship would continue to be cultivated and long and long and civilization.

The War in the East.

endure.

RUSSIA CHARGED WITH VIOLATING THE LAWS OF WAR-THE BOMBARDMENT OF RUSTCHUCK. LONDON, June 28.—The Times, in its leading article, says: The neutral States are painfully interested by the reports that the Russians have been violating the laws of war by the infliction of wanton injury, If they deliberately directed their guns against the consulates and defenceless parts of Rustchuck, their guilt is surpassed only

they continued to fire on the English consulate after the Consul hoisted the American flag, they would have gone out of their way to assail a Power peculiarly friendly to themselves. It is difficult to be-

accompany every bombardment. OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE CROSSING OF THE DANUBE.

BUCHAREST, June 28 .- Grand Dude Nicholas, at the head of the Eighth army corps, FREE-FOR-ALL RACE AT FLEETWOOD crossed the Danube near Simmatiza yes YESTERDAY-A NEGRO SHOT DEAD IN terday at daybreak, driving the Turks from their positions. Boats filled with troops continued to cross the river all day yester-

> A Russian official account, dated yes terday, says the engagement with the Turks is still proceeding. Nikopolis has been burned by bombardment.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE CROSSING. LONDON, June 28 .- The second edition of the Datly Telegraph has a Rustchuk dispatch, dated midnight last night, which says: The Russians are crossing the Danube near Sistova, not far from Yantra, assisted by the islands lying between the banks. Terrible fighting is now going on. The Turks are doing their utmost to resist the enemy. Another crossing is confidently expected at Tlemunda, opposite Nikopolis. The bombardment of Rustchuk continues. BUCHAREST, June 28 .- All the troops of General Zimmerman crossed the Danube at

Galatz. TORPEDOES TO BE BUILT FOR RUSSIAN USE. LONDON, June 28 .- The Globe says it hears that Russia has given Mr. Whitehead, the torpedo inventor, an order for one hundred fish-torpedoes to be dispatched to the Black sea and the Danube. The Russian Government is resolved, if possible, to destroy or drive away all the Turkish monitors in or near the mouth of the Danube.

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES-FOURTH ARMY CORPS ENTERING ROUMANIA, &C.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 28 .- The Chamber of Deputies is closed by order of the terms will be made known as soon as the Sultan, but members remain subject to a call in extraordinary session. BUCHAREST, June 28 .- The fourth army corps, from the interior of Russia, is enter-

ing Roumania via Balgrad. VIENNA, June 28 .- The Political Corre spondence's Cattero special reports that all the Turkish regulars in Herzegovina have been ordered to march to Albania, whither stores and provisions have been dispatched from all the districts of Metskovich and Mostar.

RUSSIANS IN REAR OF TURKISH CENTRE. LONDON, June 28 .- The Reuter Telegraph

Company has received the following: Erzeroum, June 28 .- A Russian column, 15,000 strong, has arrived before Khorassan in rear of the Turkish centre. Captain Mehemed, with a brigade, has occupied Kupreckoi, to the west of Khorassan. Nine hundred and eight wagons with ammunition have been sent to Muhktar Pasha's

Key and Schurz have returned. Hayes comes Saturday.

Judge T. M. Cooley, of Michigan, is prominent for the circuit judgship made vacant by Judge Emmon's death.

General Howard proposes to command in the next Indian fight in person. He is waiting on the Salmon river for his forces to concentrate. Mean time the enemy has ample time to scatter.

The Essex, at Hampton Roads, has been ordered to cruise on the Siberian coast.

Franks's trial has developed nothing new.

Pittsburgh and the Hibernians.

ARCHIBSHOP WOOD APPOINTED ARBITRATOR IN THE CASES OF THE DIOCESE OF PITTSBURGH AND THE ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

ROME, June 28.—Archbishop Wood, of the Michigan and the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

The Palmetto State.

MONUMENT UNVEILED AT CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 28.—The monument in honor of the defenders of Fort Moultrie, in 1776, was unveiled to day—the anniversary of the battle. The military for its financial position still dispensed with two was a guarantee that it would not the many as a guarantee that it would not the military and the military and from a regard anniversary of the battle. The military for its financial position still dispensed with two down and the manufacture of the frontier might require. The fact that the mourt in honor of the defenders of Fort Moultrie, in 1776, was unveiled to day—the anniversary of the battle. The military for its financial position still dispensed with the form a regard anniversary of the battle. The military for its financial position still dispensed with the formal proposed and proposed and proposed and proposed and proposed and proposed and proposed the strucks.

London July 18. London Milk Hubernians. And the Hibernians. And the Hibernians.

The Palmetto State.

MOULTEN COOLED TO THE PROPOSED ALLIANCE WITH GENANY TO THE CASES OF THE DIOCESE OF PITTSBURGH AND THE ANCIENT ORDER O By the laws of Florida no man who has disputed cases of the diocese of Pittsburgh events occur, however, rendering the reinfor its financial position still dispensed with them, was a guarantee that it would not adopt them prematurely, nor to a greater or less extent than might be necessary.

FINANCIAL

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE. THURSDAY, June 28, 1877.

SALES.—2,700 Virginta tax-receivable coupon sold at 80.

American Gold.—104½ bid.

State Securities.—Virginia consols, 72½ bid, 73 asked; Virginia deferred, 4½ bid; Virginia tax-receivable coupons, 80½ asked.

Gity Securities.—Richmond city 8's, 119 bid; Richmond city 6's, 102 bid; Petersburg city 6's, 99 asked; Lynchburg city 8's, 108 bid; Lynchburg city 6's, 94 bid, 98 asked; Norfolk city 8's, 102 bid; Norfolk city 6's, 90 bid; Fredericksburg city 7's, 100½ bid. Norfolk city 6's, 90 bid; Fredericksburg city 7's, 100½ bid. Railroad Bonas.—Virginia Central Railroad first mortgage 6's, J. and J., 90 bid; Virginia Central Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 76 bid; Virginia Central Railroad fourth mortgage 8's, J. and J., 75 bid; Virginia and Tennessee Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 79 bid; Southside Railroad first mortgage preferred 8's, J. and J., 83 bid; Southside Railroad second preferred 6's, J. and J., 61 bid; Southside Railroad first mortgage 9's, J. and J., 61 bid; Southside Railroad first mortgage 8's, J. and J., 25 bid; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad second mortgage 8's, J. and J., 25 bid; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 103 bid; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad second mortgage 7's, M. and N., 97 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 8's, J. and J., 65 bid, 69 asked; Orange and Alexandria Railroad first mortgage 6's, M. and N., 90 asked; Orange and Alexandria Railroad second mortgage 6's, J. and J., 65 bid, 69 asked; Orange and Alexandria Railroad first mortgage 8's, M. and N., 90 asked; Pleomont Railroad first mortgage 8's, M. and N., 74½ bid, 78 asked; Pleomont Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 85 bid.

Railroad Stocks.—Chesapeake and Ohio Rail-Railroad Scoolei Richmond and Petersburg and Petersburg and Petersburg and Petersburg and Petersburg and Petersburg Bailroad scool mortgage 8's, A. and O., 85 bid.

bid.

Railroud Stocks.—Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, 100 par, 2 asked; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, 100 par, 27 bid, 30 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad common, 100 par, 50 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad six per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 80 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad seven per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 80 bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad, 100 par, 81 bid; Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad (common, 100 par, 83 bid.

Bank Stocks.—First National, 100 par, 119% bid; National Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 90 asked; Merchants National, 100 par, 80 asked; Merchants National, 100 par, 20 asked; City Savings, 25 par, 20 bid, 21 asked.

Insurance Companies.—Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 40 bid; Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 40 bid; Virginia State, 25 par, 30 bid; Virginia Home, 100 par, 102 bid, 109 asked; Merchants and Mechanics, 100 par, 89 bid; City, 100 par, 79 asked; Old Dominion, 100 par, 50 bid; Granite Insurance Company, 100 par, 82 bid, 85 asked: Commercial Fire Insurance Company, 25 par, 16% bid, 17 asked; Richmond Fire Association, 25 par, 14% bid, 16 asked; Piedmont and Arlington Life, 100 par, 108 bid.

Miscellaneous.—James River and Kanawha Packet, 12% par, 4 bid; Old Dominion Steamship Company, 100 par, 81 asked.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK. June 28.—Gold opened at 105%.

Noon.—Stocks firm. Money on call, 1 per cent.
Gold, 105%. Exchange—Long, 488; short, 490%.
State bonds quiet. Governments firm.

Evening.—Money easy at %@2 per cent. Sterling quiet, 488. Gold firm at 105%. Governments active and strong; new 5's, 111%. States dull. BALTIMORE. BALTIMORE, June 28.—Virginia 6's, deferred, 4%; consolidated, 72%. North Carolina 6's, old, 20; new, 10; special-tax, 2. Bid to-day.

COMMERCIAL. CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE. RICHMOND, June 28, 1877.

OFFERINGS. WHEAT.—White, new, 40 bushels; old, 16 bushels. Red, new, 246 bushels. CORN.—White, 148 bushels. Mixed, 78 bushels. OATS.-640 bushels. OFFAL.-4,000 pounds.

SALES.
WHEAT.—White, old. 16 bushels at \$1.70; new, to bushels at \$1.85—total, 56 bushels.
CORN.—White, 148 bushels on private terms.
OATS.—80 bushels very good spring at 42c.

THURSDAY, June 28, 1877.

Beeswax: 28c. B b.

Butter: Prime to choice yellow, 16@17c.; fair to good, 12@14c.

Corn Meal: 72@75c. B bushel for country.

Dried Fruit: Apples. 24@3c. B b.; peaches.
peeled, 10@12c.; unpeeled, 7@10c.; cherries, 10 ### Paled 75@80s.

Oats: Baled. 75@80c. Potatoes: Irish, & barrel \$3.50.

Country Produce.

Lara: Country, 10(a)11c.

Rye: 75c. 3 bushel.

Sumac: 75c. (3)1.25. according to quality.

Baled Stravo: 40(0)45c.

Tallow: 7c. 3 lb.

Wool: Washed. 30(0)32c.: unwashed. 22(0)24c.

Burry wool will bring from 3 to 5c, 3 lb less than above rates. Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.

Cement: Rosendale, \$1.65@\$1.75 B barrel; James River, \$1.65@\$1.75. Lime: Agricultural, 10c. B bushel; Virginia, In-dian Rock, \$1.10; Rockland, \$1.10@\$1.25, according to quantity.

Plaster: Lump, \$4@\$4.25; ground, \$7.50@\$8, delivered; calcined plaster, \$2@\$2.25. Dry Goods.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings: 4-4 Manchester, 64c.; 4 Manchester, 54c.; 4 Manchester, 55c.; 4 Manchester, 5c.; 4-4 James River, 64c.; 4 James River, 64c.; 4 James River, 65c.; 4 James River, 65c.; 4 James River, 6c.; 4 Graniteville, 6c.; 4 Graniteville, 7c.; 4-4 Rockbridge, 7c.; 4 Graniteville, 7c.; 4-4 Rockbridge, 7c.; 10-4 City 25c. Cotton-yarns, \$1.10.

Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 44 Wamsutts, 13c.; 4-4 Masonville, 10c.; 4-4 Rockdale, 9c.; 4-4 Home, 10½c.; 4-4 Onelds, 10c.; 4-4 Avondale, 9c.; 4-4 Social, 8c.; 4-4 Amoskeag, 9½c.; Whitestone, 9½c.; ½ Barnsley, 6½c.; ½ Red Dog, 6c.; B. ½ Scituate, 7c.; Methuan, 5½c.; Peterborough, 5½c.; 10-4 Valtham, 30c.; 10-4 City Mills, 25½c.

Brown Drills: Patersburg, 7c.; Graniteville, 8½c.; Rockbridge, 9c.

Corset Jeans: Pavonia, 9c.; Amoskeag, 10c.; Hallowell, 10c.

Denims: Harlem, 12½c.; Boston Steam Mills, 9c.

Carset Jeans: Pavonia, 9c.; Amoskear. 10c.; Hallowell, 10c.
Denims: Harlem. 12½c.: Boston Steam Mills. 9c.
Prints: American. 6½c.; Allen's. 6½c.; Richmond. 6½c.; Sprague. 6c.; Manchester. 6½c.; Washington. 6½c.; Hamilton. 6½c.; Merrimack. 6½c.; Walliery. 6½c.; Oriental. Pactific. 6½c.; Arnold. 6½c.; Amoskear. 5½c.; Wansutta.5c.
Cambrics: Rice. 6½c.; English. 6c. Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, &c.

Alum: De. Alcohol: \$2.75 B gallon. Concentrated Lye: \$5.75 B case of four dozen Concentrated Lye: \$5.75 % Case of four nozen
Copperas: 2\frace.
Cochineat: \$1\Perp B.
Extract of Logwood: 18c.
Indigo: \$1.10.
Madder: 12\frace.
Oils: Linseed. 90c.: machine. \$1\Pi\$1.75: sperm,
\$2.25: whale, 82c.; straits, 50\Pi\$5c.; Labrador-cod
oil. 65\Pi\$70c.: lard, 90c.; sweet, \$6 \Pi\$ dozen;
best salad, \$9.50: castor. \$1.40 \Pi\$ sallon: Virginis
luoricating. 30\Pi\$50c.: kerosenc. 16c. \Pi\$ gallon.
Race Ginger: 12c.

Race Ginger: 12c.
Roots: Ginseng, 90c.; scheca, without top. 35@ 45c. Soda: Sal., 24@3c., in kegs; English soda. 6c. American, 4%c. Spirits Turpentine: 42c. Hides, Leather, &c.

Hides: Green 4@5c.; dry salted, 12@13c.; dry fint. 14@16c.; wet saltel. 7@8c.; wet salted calf-skins. \$1.15@\$1.35.

Leater: Sole leather. oak. 33@40c.; sole leather. hemlock. 20@27c.; country upper. 25@45c.; city finish, 18@22c. \$ foot; kip, 40c.@\$1 \$ b.; harness, country. 25@30; city finish. 32@38c. \$ b.; calf-skins, French, \$1.25@\$2.25 \$ b.; rough skirting. 20@28c.

Iron. Steel. Nails. &c.

Iron: American refined. Old Dominion. 2 2-10
@2 4-10c. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ lb.; English and American sheet, 4@
5\frac{1}{2}c.; Swedes, hammered. 6\frac{1}{2}(2)7c.; hoop. 4@6c.
Pig-iron: Virginia coal-blast charcoal, \$28@\$32;
warm-blast charcoal, \$24@\$2\$; Pennsylvania anthracite. \$20@\$22; West Virginia coke. \$21@\$23.

Horseshoes: \$5 per keg.
Muleshoes: \$6 per keg.
Nails: Old Dominion. \$2.65 per keg for standard—that is. ten-benny: other sizes extra.
Plungh-Castings: Wholesale, 4@4\frac{1}{2}c.; retall,
5\frac{1}{2}@6c. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ lb.

Rope: Manilla. best. 16@18c.: inte, 9\frac{1}{2}c.

Rags: Mixed cotton, 2\frac{1}{2}c.; white, 4c.; woollen,
\$\frac{1}{2}@1\frac{1}{2}c. Iron. Steel. Nails. &c.

%@15c. Foreign Fruits and Candy.

Candy: 15@16c. 7 fb. Lemons: Messina. \$7.50@\$8.50 7 box. Oranges: \$6.50@\$7 7 box. Groceries, &c.

Bacon: Shoulders, 64@7c.; clear rib-sides, 9@
94c.; ribbed, 84@9c.; Virginia shoulders, 84@9c.;
virginia hog-round, 94@10c.; Virginia hams, targe
10½@11c.; small, 12@124c.; sugar-cured, ancanvased, 12½c.; plain hams, 12c.; canvased hams, 13c.

Buckets: Painted, two hoops, \$2; three hoops,
\$2,25.

Brooms: Two strings of the control of the control

Licorice Paste: J. C. & Co., 31c.; R. R., 23c.; A. O. C., 23c.; K. & Co., 24c.; P. S., 25c.; Anchor 27c.; A. C. C., 26c.; G. y G., 28c.
Liquors, Wines, &c.

Scotch, best brands, pints \$2(652.25 5 dozen. gold.

Brandies: Domestic. \$1.25@\$2: fruit. \$1.25@\$1.50; apple. new, \$1.75@\$2; old. \$2.25@\$3; Virginia peach. \$2@\$2.25.

Rue Whiskeys: Medium. \$1.50@\$2: pure old. \$2.6\$\$2.50@\$3.50 and upwards.

\$2.50@\$3.50 and upwards.

\$6in: Domestic. \$1.25@\$2: imported. \$8 \$2 case.

New England Rum: \$1.65.

Rectifiea Whiskeys: Market unsettled; proof \$1.24@\$1.30.

Lumber: White oak, \$12@\$15 \$31.000: Wester-Virginia poplar, \$12.50@\$25 \$31.000: white pine \$20@\$75 \$31.000 vellow pine boards, \$10@\$14; olst. \$12@\$15, according to lengths. Shingle-Pine, \$2.50@\$5; cypress six-inch, \$7.50@\$1, \$1.000. Laths—Spiit; \$1.50; sawed, \$2.25@\$2.56, 1.000. 1.000. Staves: Whiskey-barrel timber.green.\$18@\$207 1.000; seasoned.\$20@\$25 % 1.000. Flour-barrel timber, \$6@\$7.56 % 1.000. Flour-barrel poles,\$7 @8; hogshead-hoops, no demand; hickory-hoops. \$12.50

Shipstuff: 55@60c. 3 bushel Brownstuff: 35@40c. 3 bushel. Wheat Bran: 30c. 3 bushel. Corn Bran: 17c. per bushel.

Powder, Shot, &c. Fuse: Toy's mining, 35c.@\$1.25 \(\text{3}\) 100 feet. Powder: \$5.75 by the five kegs—less than five kegs, \$6.25; blasting, \$3.25@\$3.50. Shot: Northern, \$2.40@\$2.50 \(\text{B}\) bag of 25 fbs. Grindstones: 1½@2½c. \(\text{B}\) fb.

TOBACCO MARKETS.

JUNE 27.—Flour is dull and unchanged, but to effect sales concessions would have to be made, especially in low grades.

Wheat is in very light receipt, and only one small lot was offered, but was not sold.

Corn is firmer at an advance, though receipts are small. Sales of 65c. for white, and 62@64c. for mixed. RICHMOND TOBACCO EXCHANGE. THURSDAY, June 28, 1877. The breaks to-day comprised 244 hogsheads, 36 ierces, and 10 boxes. The offerings at auction on Change were 127 packages; of which number 34 Change were 127 packages; of which number of were taken in, and the remainder sold at prices anging from \$3.90 to \$29.

Similar distribution of the sold at prices and the remainder sold at prices and the sold at prices and the sold at prices are sold at prices and the sold at prices are sold at prices and the sold at prices are sold a

NEW YORK TOBACCO MARKET.

JUNE 26 .- The leaf-tobacco market is neither bet JUNE 26.—The leaf-tobacco market is neither better nor worse than at the date of our last writing in respect of feeling, both sellers and buyers accepting the prevailing quietude as a matter of course at this season of the year. All parties are hoping for more animation, and though there are nowhere visible any positive indications of a speedy realization of the wished-for evidences of life, the mere conception of the possibility of their uitimate appearance serves to keep the market steady and preserve a cheery tone. The sales of western leaf have been less than for the period previously reported, but this circumstance has no significance beyond what is common in the ordinary weekly fluctuations to which all are accustomed. Intimations are not wanting that the Italian but this circumstance has no significance beyond what is common in the ordinary weekly fluctuations to which all are accustomed. Intimations are not wanting that the Italian buyer is taking observations, and even operating to a slight extent, but we have not been able in a hurried tour of his local field of operations to verify the surmises we have heard on the subject. If anything has been done, it has been quietly effected, and none but the parties directly interested are the wiser for it. The backwardness of receipts are still a subject of comment, and it may prove that in this fact lies dormant the power that is soon going to inspire a period of activity in the trade. If the receipts to date are any index to the quantity of tobacco raised last year, then it may be conceded at once that the quantity was very much less than the general estimate. Better prices and appreciable activity may be looked for if present appearances are realized.

Virginia Leaf.—In Virginia leaf business has been fair, though sales have been composed of small lots. Receipts have an unpleasant green look, and the views of buyers and holders are apart on the question of prices. Beyond this there is no feature to note. In Richmond prices are flush.

Messrs. Charles Fischer & Brother, tobacco brokers, No. 131 Water street, report to the Tobacco Leaf as follows, concerning seed leaf and Spanish tobaccos: Another week has passed without anything noteworthy occurring in our branch. The sales foot up to 1,300, cases of which 80 cases for export.

Connecticut.—In this sort the principal portion of

sales foot up to 1,300, cases of which covered export.

Connecticut.—In this sort the principal portion sold consisted of 1876 crop, seconds and fillers, of which kind about 600 cases changed hands at 5@6c. for fillers, and 9@10c. for seconds. Besides the above a small lot of 1876 crop assorted, at private terms, and 200 cases 1874 and 1875 crop at 14@20c. for wrappers, and 10c. for assorted, were disposed of, making a total of about 900 cases for the week.

Manufactured.—Business in this market appears

week.

Manufactured.—Business in this market appears to have been moderate, though the demand embraced all varieties and styles. Local manufacturers mention increased orders from buyers whose freight contracts expire July 1, they being desirous of avoiding the higher rates to which they will be thereafter subject. The exports for the week were

demand for smoking tobacco.

Cigars.—We note no change in the cigar market.

Tobacco Leaf.

LOUISVILLE LEAF TOBACCO MARKET.

JUNE 25.—The sales to-day aggregated 229 hogshends; 8 hogshends distributed as follows:

The Pickett House sold 62 hogshends; 8 hogshends as fallows:

The Pickett House sold 62 hogshends; 8 hogshends as fallows:

The Pickett House sold 62 hogshends; 8 hogshends as fallows:

The Pickett House sold 62 hogshends; 8 hogshends as fallows:

The Pickett House sold 62 hogshends; 8 hogshends (a sallow) and sallows are sold for American at works, and steel rails at \$3.0 hogshend for a minimally at \$3.150, \$24, \$13.50, \$13, \$11.75, \$11.50, \$3.15, and \$8.60, \$7.80, \$8.60, \$8.10, \$6. and \$5.50, \$6.00, \$8.60, \$8.10, \$6. and \$5.50, \$6.00, \$8.60, \$8.10, \$6. and \$5.50, \$6. and \$6.00, \$6. and \$6.

#3.36; 2 hogsneads Taylor county leaf and lugs at there have been no very important strivals yet from \$7.20 and \$4.50; 2 hogsheads Madison county lugs at \$3.70 and \$3.05; 12 hogsheads at private sale.—

Courter-Journal.

There have been no very important strivals yet from this course. Sales of 10.000 bs. burry Louisiana on private terms; 4.000 bs. Eastern Texas at 28c.—

Courter-Journal.

[Other houses had sales at like prices.] LOUISVILLE MANUFACTURED TOBACCO MARKET.
JUNE 25.—Virginia bright five pounds, 90c. @81: Virginia bright dive and extra twist, 70 @75c.; Virginia bright extra 6-inch twist, 70 @75c.; Virginia medium 6- and 12-inch twist, 62 @65c.; Virginia common 6- and 12-inch twist, 67 @60c.; Virginia mabogany navy 3s, 4s, and 5s, 52@55c.; Virginia smoking, 4s and 4s, 50@55c.

KENTUCKY. Louisville navy, bright mahogany, 54@56c.; Lonisville navy, mahogany, 48@54c.; Lonisville navy, mahogany, second cusss, 48@50c.; Louisville navy, fine black, 46@49c.; Kentucky smoking to-bacco, ibs., 1/2s, and 1/2s, 29@51c.—Courier-Journal.

LIVE-STOCK MARKETS.

RICHMOND LIVE-STOCK MARKET. The receipts of live stock for the week ending une 27, 1877, were about 120 head of cattle. rices for very best cattle 4c., for good 4@4c., June 27, 1877, were about 120 head of cattle. Prices for very best cattle &c., for good &@&c., higher than at last report.

Beef-Cattle.—Very best, 5%c.; good, 5@5%c.; medium or good fair quality, 4%@4%c.; common stock, cows, bulls. &c., 3%@4c. B.b., gross.

Hogs.—Demand limited; very best, 6%c.; medium to good quality, 6@6%c. B.b., net.

Sheep.—Very best, 3%@4%c. B.b., gross.

Lambs.—\$1.50@\$3.75 Bhead.

Calves.—\$4.6*9 B head.

Milch Colos.—\$25@\$45 B head.

Weighed on live-stock scales, 109 head of cattle.

Weighed on live-stock scales, 109 head of cattle.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET. JUNE 26.—Beeves.—There were no fresh offer-ings, and consequently nothing doing in beef-cattle to-day. Dressed beef was selling slowly at 8@10%. 7 b. for common to prime native beef-sides, and 6 (190; for Texas beef. A car-load of fresh beef from Chicago arrived in good order this morning and was sold at 8@85;c. 5 b.

Calves.—Fresh offerings were 500 head, mainly

mlik-fed veals. The market was quiet and un-changed with sales of common to orime veals at 54 @7c. 3 lb., and of decent buttermik calves at 34@ 4c. 3 lb. Dressed veal was in limited demand at 7

4c. 3 h. Dressed veal was in limited demand at 7 (39c. 3 h. Sheep and Lambs...—Fresh offerings were 5 carloads, or 1.079 head. There was no material change either in the general tone of the market or in prices. Common to prime sheep were quoted at 44/36/4c. 3 h., and ordinary to prime lambs at 54/37c. 3 h, with a few choice Jerseys at 74/38c. Dressed mutton was selling slowly at 7/310c. 3 h. for common to prime carcases. Sales include 240 Ohlo sheep. 86 hs. average at 5/4c. 3 h. 206 Ohlo sheep. 93 hs., at 5%c. 129 Ohlo sheep. 78 hs. at 5c.; 81 Maryland lambs 64 hs., at 7c.; 62 Jersey sheep, 63 hs., at 7c., and 87 Jersey sheep, 60 hs., at 8c.

Stoine.—Fresh arrivals were 17 car-loads, containing 2.088 hogs. None sold alive.—Journal of Commerce.

LOUISVILLE LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

JUNE 25.—Cattle.—Declined 25c. & hundred to-lay; for best shippers, but few on the market, from 15.654c.; butcher and common cattle dull from 14. 3%c. Hogs.—Declined 25c. to-day; best this evening 43c.; common. 3 4@4c. Sheep and Lambs.—Market active to-day; sheep. \$2.50\@\(4\) : hands, heavy weights, \(\\$5.15\) : medium, \(\\$4.25\) \(\\$5. - Courier-Journal. \)

ST. LOUIS HORSE AND MULE MARKET. JUNE 25 .- The market is stendy and quiet at the JUNE 25.-1 in the following quotations:

Good Driving Horses-In fair demand .. \$125@\$200 Good Priving Horses—In fair denand....
Plugs—In good supply; no demand....
Southern—Fair and good qualities in
light supply; demand light.....
Streeters—Fair and good New York
streeters in light supply; demand 50@ 65 good...streeters—Boston and Philadelphia in demand..... Draught Horses-Demand light; none

PETERSBURG MARKETS.

90c. for prime.
Oats.—In demand at 45@48c., wholesale; 50@
55c., retail.—Appeal.

ALEXANDRIA MARKETS.

NEW YORK DRY-GOODS MARKET.

The print-cloth market, with light transactions reported, continues quiet but very firm at last quo-

ations. Price of the New York Mills cottons as follows: New York 4-4 shirtings, 12½c.; do. 10-4, 30c.; do. 9-4, 27½c.; do. 8-4, 25c.; do. 6-4, 19c.; do. 5-4,

JUNE 26.—In Scotch pig there is yet an easy tendency of prices, with freer offerings to sell, while demand is very light. American pig is very dull, consumers buying only on pressing wants, and the small lots bringing very steady figures. Sales are 300 tons Scotch pig for Cauada on private terms; 100 tons No. 1 Allentown at \$18.50, and 100 tons force at \$16.25.

Plug Mules-Supply moderate; demand Piantation Mules-Supply liberal; de-

LOUISVII.LE.

LOUISVII.LE. June 23.—Flour dull and unchanged.

Wheat scarce and wanted. Corn dull; white, 53c.; mixed, 51c. Rye in good demand at 70c. Oats dull; white, 45c.; mixed, 40c. Pork quiet at \$14. Bulkmeats quiet and unchanged. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 6c.; ctear ribs, 8½c.; clear sides, 8½c. Sugar-cured tams quiet at 10½@11½c. Lard steady and unchanged. Whiskey firm at \$1.08. Bagging dull at 13c. Tobacco in light demand; holders firm: Louisville navy bright mahogany, 54@56; navy, 48@54c.; navy, second-class, 48@50c.; navy, fine black, 46@49c.; Kentucky smoking, 29@51c. UNBROKE MULES. Quotations on all grades are \$10@\$15 \$\gamma\$ head less than those for broke mules. Unbroke mules, to be salable, must be fat. Fat mules, four years old and under, sell at \$10@\$15 less than older mules of same grade. Those that are over four years old to seven years are the most marketable.—Times. GENERAL MARKETS.

CINCINNATI.

WARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Steamship Wyanoko, Couch, New York, merchandise and passengers. G. W. Allen & Co., agents.
Steamer Eliza Hancox, Gifford, Norfolk, merchandise and passengers. L. B. Tatum, agent.
Schooner Aunie F. Clarke, Wheeler, Norfolk, lumber, Woodward & Son and Truman A. Parker. lumber, Woodward & Son and Truman A. Parker.

SAILED.

Steamer John Sylvester, Post, Norfolk, merchandise and passengers. L. B. Tatum. agent.

Steamer Regulator, Howe, Philadelphia, merchandise and passengers, W. P. Porter, agent.

Steamer George H. Stont, Pierce, Baitimore, merchandise and nassengers. L. B. Tatum. agent.

Schooner Effie J. Simmons, —, Wilmington, coal, Currie & Co.

Schooner Major W. H. Tantum, Shoe, Philadelphia, granite, Curris & Parker.

Schooner Maggie McDonnell, Steelman, down river to finish loading ties, Curtis & Parker.

Schooner Horatio Nichols, Dupuy, down river to finish loading ties for Newark, Curtis & Parker.

CLEARED FOR THIS FORT.

JUNE 26.—We have to report an improved action over that we had to notice yesterday, the close of the month, when increased freight-rates are announced to take effect, and the low prices on many styles of purely wool fabrics of staple character continuing to compet the action of many buyers, and fannels, Kentucky jeans, beavers, staple cottons, denims, tickings, and carpets have participated in the selections, the general trade, however, being of less proportions than we have noticed during the previous days of the month, which is a natural consequence with the larger buyers partially, if not well supplied, and stocks with agents correspondingly reduced.

The print-cloth market, with light transactions CLEARED FOR THIS PORT.

"THE ARLINGTON," DANVILLE, VA. SCOVILLE & SELDEN, Proprietors.

not so forward with orders continue to share in the attention of many onyers.

Overcoatings and cloakings of low qualities have been but moderately looked after, as the auction offering has had the tendency to check operations.

Woollens of any character, either staple or fancy, at old prices, owing to the status of the wool market, are quietly being secured by distributors, but when prices show an advance there must be good styles to influence new business.

There is a growing action in the market for underwear and boslery, and while the latter has been for some time receiving the attention of buyers in the way of orders for future deliveries, the largely advanced cost of wool is directing distributors to the examination of the various offerings of shirts and drawers.—Journal of Commerce.

TERMS. \$2.50 PER DAY.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

O'ITIZENS BANK OF RICHMOND.

O'ITIZENS BANK OF RICHMOND.

Z. W. PICKRELL, President.

E. B. SNEAD, Cashier.

Deposits of one dollar and upwards received, and six per cent. allowed on deposits.

Deposits received subject to check without notice, and interest allowed on same if not checked on more frequently than two or three times a week. Deposits of one dollar and upwards received, and six per cent. allowed on deposits.

Deposits received subject to check without notice, and interest allowed on same if not checked on mare frequently than two or three times a week.

Interest on all deposits to commence ten days after date of deposit.

Bank open every day from 9 o'clock A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday from 4 P. M. till 3 P. M.

this source. Sales of 10.000 hs, burry Louisians on private terms; 4.000 hs, Eastern Texas at 28c.; 5,000 hs, spring California, 25.000 hs, 60., 15.000 hs. Western Texas on private terms; 30.000 hs. low Western Texas at 176.20c.; 2.500 hs. fine Western Texas at 27c.; 108,000 hs. do. 41 176. 20c.; 33 bags Eastern Texas at 28c.; 5.000 hs. medium Texas on private terms; 4.500 hs. black Colorado at 16c.; 3.000 hs. XX unwashed Ohio at 32c.; 20.000 hs. foreign polls on private terms; 10,000 hs. Utah on private terms; 10,000 hs. Oregon, 3,000 hs. super pulled, 20, 100 hs. Mexican at 16.017c.; 3,000 hs. Mexican sorts at 16c.—Journal of Commerce.

NEW YORK SUMAC MARKET.

JUNE 26.—Sumac.—Foreign quoted at \$112.50 for lead seal from dock, and \$115 from store, and summer at \$55.00 for lead seal from dock, and \$150 from store, and at \$65, currency.—Journal of Commerce.

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

JUNE 25.—At the Yards.—The yard-trade is not very active, and prices are weak, as follows:

First and second clear, 1@2-lneb, \$34: third clear, 1-inch, \$28@\$29: third clear, 14@2-inch, \$30; select, 1-inch A. \$22@\$22: select, 1-inch B. \$15@\$16: telect, 14@2-inch A. \$23@\$24: select, 14@2-inch B. \$18@\$19: wagon-box boards, 13 inches and upward B. \$27: A stock boards, 10@12-inch, \$25@\$30; B stock boards, 10@12-inch, \$20@\$26: C stock boards, 12@16-inch, \$17: common stock boards, \$12@\$14.

Common Lumber.—The ourside figures for dry: Fencing, 14@16 feet, \$9.50@\$11: common boards, 12 inch, \$3.50@\$12: common boards, 12 inch, \$3.50@\$12: common boards, 12 inch, \$3.50@\$12: common boards, 14@18 feet, \$9.8.10.50; dimension stuff, 22@30 feet, \$1.75@\$8.0.50; dimension stuff, 22@30 feet, \$1.1@\$16; small timber, 8x8. \$9.50@\$10; round cedar posts, \$8@\$15; flooring, first and second elear, rough, \$30; flooring, first common, rough, \$19@\$20: flooring, first common, aressed, \$20@\$21; sidiux, first and second common, dressed, \$15.50@\$16; siding, first common, stage, \$1.50; siding, first common, stage, \$1.50; siding, first common, stage, \$1.50; siding, first common, dressed, \$15.50@\$16; siding, first common, stage, \$1.50; si

By Telegraph. NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Cotton strong; uplands, 12c.; Orleans, 12½c.; sales, 1.875 bales; consolidated net receipts, 4.891 bales; exports—to Great Britain. 11.389 ba'es; Continent, 3.525 bales. Flour—Medium and good brands steady with good inquiry; low grades dull and heavy, closing quiet; other ; rades unchanged. Wheat dull at 1@2c. lower; shippers holding off; only trilling milling inquiry. Corn slightly in huyers' favor; only moderate business doing; ungraded western mixed, 55% @59c. Oats slightly in buyers' favor. Coffee and sugar quiet and unchanged; refined in moderate demand; 11%@11%c. for standard A. Molasses quiet and nominally unchanged. Rice steady with moderate inquiry. Tallow firm at 8c. Kosin and turand nominally unchanged. Rice steady with inder-rate inquiry. Tallow firm at 8c. Rosin and tur-pentine firm and unchanged. Pork dull and lower; new, \$14.30. Lard heavy and lower for prime steam; \$9@\$9.15 for prime new; \$9.12½ for old. Whiskey firm at \$1.14. Freights steady. BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—Flour unchanged. Wheat nominally firm. Southern corn—White lower; yellow quiet and steady; western easy; closed steady at a decline; southern white, 65@65%c; yellow, 63c. Oats quiet and steady; southern firmer at 46 @48c. Rye quiet and casicr at 75@76c. Provisions very firm and quiet. Pork. \$14.50@\$15. Bacon—Shoulders, 65%c; clear ribs, 84@8%c, Lard-Refined, 10@10%c. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Whiskey held at \$1.12%. Sugar active at 11%c. LOUISVILLE.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

JUNE 26.—There is quite a rush in some departments of trade this week. With the thermometer at 92 to 94 to-day the tobacco-inspectors have as much as they can do: the breaks are about 300 hopsheads, the heaviest so far this summer. Trade in general merchandise has not opened as active so far this week as last, but there is considerable doing in orders. The wheat being now secured many are busy threshing and ploughing, which was behind during the wet spell. Already some of the new has been sold and delivered at \$1.90 per bushel, we hear, and we look for free receipts in a few days. Generally about the 4th of July we look for new flour, but this head; shipments, 820 head; shipments, 820 head;

ders. The wheat being now seemed about the reshing and proughing, which was behind during the wet spell. Already some of the new has been sold and delivered at \$1.90 per bushe', we hear, and we look for free receipts in a few days. Generally about the 4th of July we look for new flour, but this being favorable we shall have it sconer.

Cotton has ruled steady since our last with a fair business doing. Liverpool and New York look better to-day with larger sales. The stocks are running low in this country, and holders are more confident and are generally holding at higher prices.

In tobacco there is a large break to-day at all the warehouses (nearly 300 hogsheads), and it looks like business on the Exchange. The market is quite active, particularly for fine shipping, which are freely taken at full, lices. Manufacturers are also buying freely.

buying freely.

buying freely.

Flour is about steady, but sellers are disposed to meet buyers' views, and will shade present quotations for full lots.

We have no change in pearuts; the market is quiet and unchanged.

Cotton.—The market continue about steady, with rionr is about steady. Out sellers are disposed to meet buyers' views, and will shade present quotations for full lots.

We have no change in pearuts: the market is quiet and unchanged.

Cotton.—The market continue about steady, with a better demand from shippers; spinners being well supplied, are not-buying so freely this week, New York and Liverpool being a few points better today. Sellers are very firm and asking an advance, which restricts business. The sales are 100 bales on abasis of 11&c. for middling. We quote: Middling, 11&c.: low middling, 10½6. good ordinary, 9½@9&c.: ordinary, 8½@9c.; dirty bales, 6 @7c.

Wheat.—Receipts this week very light: not equal mary, 95/2034c.: ordinary, 85/203c.; drivy oates, 6/207c.

Wheat.—Reccipts this week very light: not equal to the demand. Our milbers are all in want of wheat, and will pay full valuation for all offerings. Choice white, \$1.85/20\$1.90; good to prime, \$1.70/20\$1.8; fair to good, \$1.50/20\$1.65.

Corn.—Market well supplied; choice white, 68c.; mixed, 62/2063c.

Peanuts.—Market a little firmer. We quote: 80/20.

 sun rises.
 4:46
 HIGH TIDE.

 sun sets.
 7:20
 Morning.
 7:09

 Moon rises.
 10:02
 Evening.
 7:29
 PORT OF RICHMOND, JUNE 28, 1877. ARRIVED.

From Philadelphia June 26th, schooner J. P. Kelsee, Steelman.
From Philadelphia June 26th, schooner J. P. Haskill, Steelman.

A spar buoy. red and black horizontal stripes, has been placed near the wreck of schooner Vermilhon in Gardiner's Bay, Long Island Sound.

Office Lighthouse Inspector, Third District, Tompkin ville, Y. N., June 25, 1877.

Mariners navigating Long Island Sound find much fault with the fog-bell at Pium Island, and have taken steps to secure an improvement upon it. The bell, it is asserted, cannot be heard even the short distance to the Rufus House. 9-4, 27%c.; do. 8-4, 25c.; do. 6-4, 19c.; do. 5-4, 15c.
The price of the Amoskeag blue and brown denims advanced 1c. per yard, while the Pearl River denims share in a like revision to the extent of %c. per yard. Bleached cottons of all widths are moving in some quantity, and some makes of narrow goods that are looked upon as very low have been slightly improved in the figures, and at the new prices business has been effected.
Colored cottons are doing very fairly, if not better, and some of the most popular syles (especially of dyed ducks) are sold up and ahead.
There has been more doing in all styles of fancy cassimeres, and while many makes are sold ahead for some time, with receipts finding immediate delivery to willing buyers, other of character that are not so forward with orders continue to share in the attention of many buyers.

RATES GREATLY REDUCED.